



Green Bond Project (post issue)
ISSUED 2018-MATURITY 2025
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Eligible Category

*Waste Management efficiency and recycling
(Waste collection and sorting upgrades)*

Full amount project

8.2 mln

Financed amount

Total 7.3 mln

KPIs

- Waste-derived fuel (WDF) per operating year [t]
- Percentage of WDF on total treated waste per operating year [%]

Project description

The plant is reserved for the treatment of unsorted, non-dangerous urban waste for transformation into fuel to be used in the production of alternative energy.

The plant was subject to revamping, leading to positive environmental effects.

The WDF production cycle entails mechanical-biological type processes which do not involve the use of heat or chemical substances and/or preparations. The process is subdivided into 3 phases:

Phase 1: receipt of the unsorted waste

Phase 2: Biostabilisation of the waste

Phase 3: WDF refining and production.

As regards the incoming quantities of urban waste, the plant makes it possible to:

- transform a significant portion of urban waste into WDF to be used in energy production plants;
- select a portion of urban waste (about 3%) to be earmarked for recovery;
- reduce the quantities of outgoing waste compared to incoming waste, due to the biostabilisation process, which entails evaporating the wet components.

The applied technology is bio-oxidation in biocells and WDF production and has a capacity of 85,000 tonnes/year

The plant is already in commercial operation even for the revamping section

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Energy distribution and management)

Full amount project

41.5 mln

Financed amount

Total 4.4 mln

KPIs

- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Electrical energy produced from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year by photovoltaic plant [t]

Project description

Heat accumulation system, located in the San Salvario area of Turin, serving the district heating network of the Turin metropolitan area. The district heating network is made up of approximately 743 km of double pipelines and heats approximately 75,5 million m³ (figures from December 2022). The project makes it possible to increase the connected volume by 2.3 million m³, corresponding to approximately 350 new users.

The project consists of:

- a heat accumulation system for superheated water made up of 3 pressurised tanks above ground, with a total capacity of 2,500 m³;
- a system for pumping and re-pumping the superheated water in the district heating network;
- auxiliary systems: a filling/emptying and level restoration system, an electrical power system, a regulation system, a control and supervision system, an HVAC system, a fire safety system, a lighting and motive power system, a CCTV system, a video surveillance system - anti-intrusion and access control, etc.;
- a district heating network building and all of the civil works necessary for the construction of the plant;
- a photovoltaic plant, with a nominal power to about 10 kWp, connected to the site's electric power system.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Energy distribution and management)

Full amount project

0.01 mln

Financed amount

Total - mln

KPIs

- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

Heat accumulation system serving the Piacenza district heating network. The Piacenza district heating network is fed by a flow of vapour produced by the Levante cogeneration plant, owned by A2A, and the supplementary and reserve plant on via Diете di Roncaglia, owned by IREN Energia. Both plants are located north-east of the city's 31 district heating network, beyond the rail intersection, and the heat produced is transported to the city. The Piacenza district heating network is made up of km of double pipeline, with a connected volume of approximately 2,3 million m³ as at 31/12/2022.

The project consists of installing a heat accumulation system made up of 4 accumulators, with an overall capacity of 1,200 m³, in the northern part of the city of Piacenza.

The function of this system is to store the thermal energy produced by the cogeneration thermal power plants, when heat demand is lower, in order to transfer it later, when the district heating network is operating with its maximum load, thus reducing the use of supplementary boilers.

The energy contributed by the accumulation system makes it possible to achieve objectives such as increased operating flexibility and commissioning speed, increased flexibility in managing thermal energy flows, saving primary sources and reducing greenhouse gases.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Energy distribution and management)

Full amount project

0.02 mln

Financed amount

Total - mln

KPIs

- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

Heat accumulation system serving the Parma district heating network. The Parma district heating network is made up of 104 m of double pipeline, with a connected volume of approximately 6,3 million m³ as at 31/12/2022. It is powered by thermal energy generated by the following three plants:

- the Environmental Integrated Centre (EIC), made up of a cogeneration vapour-cycle heat recovery section, fed by two waste-to-energy lines and one supplementary section with boilers and natural gas;
- the Plant on Via Lazio, made up of five supplementary and reserve boilers powered by natural gas;
- the Plant on Strada Santa Margherita, made up of two supplementary and reserve boilers, powered by natural gas and a 500 m³ accumulation system.

The new accumulator system being planned made up of 4 accumulators, with an overall capacity of 1,200 m³ and will be installed at the Via Lazio plant. The function of this system is to store the thermal energy produced by the EIC's waste-to-energy cogeneration system thermal power plants when heat demand from the district heating network is lower, in order to transfer it later, when the district heating network has its maximum demand for thermal load, thus reducing the use of supplementary boilers.

The energy contributed by the accumulation system makes it possible to achieve objectives such as increased operating flexibility and commissioning speed, increased flexibility in managing thermal energy flows, saving primary sources and reducing greenhouse gases.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Energy distribution and management)

Full amount project

0.01 mln

Financed amount

Total - mln

KPIs

- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

Heat accumulation system serving the Reggio Emilia district heating network. This network is made up of approximately 221 km of double pipelines and heats approximately 13,7 million m³ (figures from December 2022).

The Reggio Emilia district heating network is fed by a cogeneration section and supplementary and reserve boilers in the north-east area of the network (Energy Hub), the supplementary and reserve boilers in the south-west (Network 1 Plant), south-east (Pappagnocca Plant) and north-east (Via Sardegna Plant) areas of the network.

A 1,600 m³ accumulation system is already installed in the Reggio Emilia district heating network at the Energy Hub, with a daily loading/unloading operation during the heating season.

The new accumulator system being planned made up of 4 accumulators, with an overall capacity of 1,200 m³ and will be installed at the Via Sardegna Plant. The function of the accumulation system is to store the thermal energy produced by the cogeneration thermal power plants when heat demand is lower, in order to transfer it later, when the district heating network is operating with its maximum load, thus reducing the use of supplementary boilers.

The energy contributed by the accumulation system makes it possible to achieve objectives such as increased operating flexibility and commissioning speed, increased flexibility in managing thermal energy flows, saving primary sources and reducing greenhouse gases.

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Mini hydro power)

Full amount project

0.01 mln

Financed amount

Total - mln

KPIs

- Electrical energy produced from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [MWhe]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The project entails building a run-of-the-river mini hydro plant at the barrier across the Po river in the municipality of Turin, which would use the discharge of the minimum vital flow (MVf) on the existing drop between the upstream reservoir and the level of the Po river downstream of the Pascolo barrier.

Characteristic plant data: installed capacity 1.2 MW, expected annual output 6.5 GWh.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Cogeneration facilities)

Full amount project

351.9 mln

Financed amount

Total 191.1 mln

KPIs

- Electrical energy produced per operating year [MWhe]
- Thermal energy produced per operating year [MWht]
- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The Turin North Plant is an important electrical energy and heat production plant within the Turin metropolitan area and, together with the Moncalieri Plant, it forms the basis of the district heating system in the Turin metropolitan area.

The start dates for the Plant's construction and operation are provided below.

- 2010: start of construction of the Turin North Plant;
- 30 April 2012: start of commercial operation.

The Plant is made up of the following production groups, functioning on natural gas only:

- 1 Combined-cycle cogeneration thermoelectric group (CCTG);
- 3 Supplementary and reserve boilers;
- 1 Auxiliary boiler for starting the combined cycle;
- 6 Heat accumulators;
- 1 Electrical energy storage system.

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Mini hydro power)

Full amount project

103.9 mln

Financed amount

Total 102.0 mln

KPIs

- Electrical energy produced from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The Valle Orco hydroelectric system is made up of seven plants for producing electrical energy, subdivided into the following hydraulic shafts. Between 2006 and 2011, repowering activities were carried out on the Villa Plant, the Bardonetto Plant, the Rosone Plant and the Telessio Plant.

The main technical features of these plants are specified below:

- Agnel-Serrù-Villa Plant
- Ceresole-Rosone Plant
- Telessio-Eugio-Rosone Plant
- Valsoera-Telessio Plant
- S.Lorenzo-Rosone Plant
- Rosone-Bardonetto Plant
- Bardonetto-Pont Plant

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Mini hydro power)

Full amount project

21.8 mln

Financed amount

Total 4.5 mln

KPIs

- Electrical energy produced from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The upgrade entails modernising the two plants located in Valle Dora, specifically:

- the upstream plant with intake in the Municipality of Salbertrand and the hydroelectric station in Chiomonte;
- the plant with intake in Chiomonte and the plant in Susa.

The project has been divided into three consecutive phases:

- an initial authorisation phase;
- a second executive design phase;
- a third site preparation and construction phase.

The projects were carried out in the period from December 2018 to September 2020. The Chiomonte and Susa plants are respectively in regular operation from July 2020 and September 2020.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Cogeneration facilities)

Full amount project

165.2 mln

Financed amount

Total 18.6 mln

KPIs

- Electrical energy produced per operating year [MWh]
- Thermal energy produced per operating year [MWh]
- Primary energy saving per operating year [MWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The second combined-cycle thermoelectric group (called RPW 2GT) was built from a pre-existing plant for the conventional-cycle production of electrical and thermal energy (2GT) and made up of a conventional combustion vapour generator (CSG) which fed a condensation vapour turbine. The project consisted of converting the conventional-cycle 2GT into the combined-cycle RPW 2GT.

The second closed-cycle thermoelectric group is made up of:

- an electric-powered gas turbine of approximately 260 MW, powered by methane gas, with an air-cooled electric generator;
- a heat RVG, with chimney, into which the gases discharged from the gas turbine are piped;
- an electric-powered condensation vapour turbine of approximately 138 MW, with the related air-cooled electric generator, with low-pressure vapour intake for the production of superheated water for the district heating system, complete with a vapour bypass system;
- a condensation system for the vapour turbine, using cooling water taken from the diversion channel;
- system of exchangers for producing heat for the district heating system, using the low-pressure vapour taken from the vapour turbine;
- a gas decompression and fiscal measurement station.

The single-camshaft and single-body gas turbine (GT) in use, which has a multistage axial compressor and a multistage turbine, is equipped with:

- a discharge gas collector;
- a natural gas intake and regulation system;
- a turbine and generator lubrication systems;
- a system for filtering the air drawn into the turbine, complete with silencers;
- expansion joints, connecting ducts and accessories;
- acoustic cabins for protecting and soundproofing the GT and alternator, complete with ventilation and fire detection and extinction systems (the latter for the GT area).

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Mini hydro power)

Full amount project

7.4 mln

Financed amount

Total 3.8 mln

KPIs

- Net produced electricity from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [kWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The La Fornace mini hydroelectric plant was built on the Secchia river, along the stretch that lies within the municipality of Baiso, in the province of Reggio Emilia.

It is a run-of-the-river plant, built with particular attention to the minimisation of its environmental impact, in terms of altering the landscape profile and in interacting with the micro ecosystem of the underlying river.

Plant power (kW): 990

Machine installed power: 2.4 MW

Photovoltaic plants owned by “Varsi” company

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Solar PV energy generation)

Full amount project

27.5 mln

Financed amount

Total 16.8 mln

KPIs

- Net produced electricity from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [kWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

Varsi Fotovoltaico encompasses 12 photovoltaic plants: 8 on the ground and 4 on roofs, with an overall power of 8.4 MWh.

Plant	Municipality	Province	Power (KWP)	Type
Gonzaga Fiera	Gonzaga	Mantua	741	Roof
Gonzaga Bocciodromo (Bocce hall)	Gonzaga	Mantua	43	Roof
Gonzaga middle school	Gonzaga	Mantua	64	Roof
Rigosa PTV [photovoltaic plant]	Roccabianca	Parma	890	Ground
Canesio PTV	Pellegrino P.se	Parma	551	Ground
Bellario, road to Soragna PTV	San Secondo P.se	Parma	998	Ground
Rimale PTV	Fidenza	Parma	998	Ground
Italian Isolating Plants	Porto Torres	Sassari	972	Roof
Priorato PTV	Fontanellato	Parma	995	Ground
Busseto Fotovoltaico SRL	Busseto	Parma	432	Ground
Medesano Fotovoltaico SRL	Medesano	Parma	832	Ground
Villora PTV (Municipality of Varsi)	Varsi	Parma	851	Ground
Total			8,367	

Photovoltaic plants owned by “GreenSource” company

Eligible Category

Renewable energy (Solar PV energy generation)

Full amount project

16.8 mln

Financed amount

Total 7.6 mln

KPIs

- Net produced electricity from renewable non-fossil sources per operating year [kWh]
- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

Green Source PTV encompasses various photovoltaic plants, with an overall power of 3.9 MW

Plant	Municipality	Province	Power (KWP)	Type
C8	Reggio Emilia	Reggio Emilia	1.212	Roof
Tennis Club	Reggio Emilia	Reggio Emilia	200	Roof
Pluris Energy	Castellarano	Reggio Emilia	710	Ground
ITIS Parma	Parma	Reggio Emilia	170	Ground
Mancasale	Reggio Emilia	Reggio Emilia	993	Roof
Scandiano indoor sports arena	Scandiano	Reggio Emilia	95	Roof
Tressano	Castellarano	Reggio Emilia	122	
School Facilities	Reggio Emilia-Parma-Piacenza	Reggio Emilia-Parma-Piacenza	357	Roof
Total			3.859	

Eligible Category

Transport (Electric vehicles)

Full amount project

39.1 mln

Financed amount

Total 5.3 mln

KPIs

- Avoided CO₂ emissions from fossil sources per operating year [t]

Project description

The objective of this project is to replace some in the company transport fleet with new electric vehicles and to build the necessary infrastructure to support the project on the various sites.

In particular, the project can be divided into 3 main activities:

- Environmental vehicle replacement: replacing the current electric quadricycles (most of which are currently in operation in Turin) with new vehicles, and replacing 100% of the current heat-powered quadricycles and obsolete cars – 354 waste vehicle.
- Group vehicle replacement: approximately 593 vehicles from all of the company's main sites (cars used for short distances and small vans)
- Installation of infrastructure: installing Wallbox branded charging posts and wall boxes for charging vehicles at the various sites distributed throughout the territories, in parallel with the replacement plan in place for both environmental and other vehicles.

Eligible Category		<i>Waste water treatment (Wastewater treatment plant upgrades)</i>		KPIs	
Full amount project		Financed amount		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water Treatment plants [N] • Sewage systems [km] 	
282.7 mln		Total	100.4 mln		

Project description

Works to extend the drainage networks and build new purification plants aimed at increasing the level of collection service coverage and reducing pollution deriving from untreated discharges in the Emilia and Genoa territories.

Eligible Category

Energy efficiency (Energy distribution and management)

Full amount project

185.1 mln

Financed amount

Total 33.9 mln

KPIs

- Network leaks [%]
- Electricity fed into the network [GWh]

Project description

Parma and Turin

MV Underground Cables: project to renew the electricity distribution network's MV lines to improve the qualitative and technical levels of the network structure. In particular, through the renewal of the MV backbone cables and the laying of 22 kV MV cabling (approximately 400 km), the project will make it possible to:

- Renew network assets that finish their useful operating life or are inadequate compared with the required level of operation;
- Rationalise the layout and structure of existing networks;
- Reduce the energy losses in the network;
- Improve the quality of the service, as instructed by ARERA [the Italian Regulatory Authority for Electricity Gas and Water], in terms of both number (therefore reducing the failure rate) and duration.

During the course of 2022, approximately 55 km of MV cables were laid.

LV Network: project to renew the electricity distribution network's LV lines to improve the qualitative and technical levels of the network structure. In particular, the project will make it possible to:

- Resolve the critical issues present in the LV distribution network;
- Adapt the lines that are no longer suitable for the load that they have to support;
- Electrify new areas in order to adapt the network at the request of new users.

During 2022, 32 km of LV network cabling were laid.